

Critical elements in algebras of numerical events

Dietmar Dorninger
TU Wien

Helmut Länger
TU Wien and Palacký University Olomouc

`helmut.laenger@tuwien.ac.at`

The probability $p(s)$ of the occurrence of an event pertaining to a physical system which is observed in different states s determines a function p from the set S of states of the system to $[0, 1]$. The function p is called a numerical event or more precisely an S -probability. When appropriately structured, sets P of numerical events form so-called algebras of S -probabilities, which are orthomodular posets that can serve as quantum logics. If one deals with a classical physical system, then P will be a Boolean algebra. Starting with a supposed quantum logic or logics obtained by individual measurements, newly added numerical events may turn out to be crucial for the assumption of classicality or non-classicality of the physical system. We will call those numerical events critical and will study their impacts among various classes of algebras of numerical events. Moreover, we will consider the situation of enlarging S by new states and will describe how elements of an algebra of S -probabilities contribute to the character of a logic when there exists a certain relation between them and the element that is newly added.

References

- [1] E. G. Beltrametti and M. J. Maczyński. *On a characterization of classical and nonclassical probabilities*, J. Math. Phys. **32** 1280–1286 (1991)
- [2] E. G. Beltrametti and M. J. Maczyński. *On the characterization of probabilities: a generalization of Bell's inequalities*, J. Math. Phys. **34** 4919–4929 (1993)
- [3] G. Dorfer, D. Dorninger and H. Länger. *On the structure of numerical event spaces*, Kybernetika **46** 971–981 (2010)
- [4] D. Dorninger. *On the structure of generalized fields of event*, Contr. General Algebra **20** 29–34 (2012)
- [5] D. Dorninger. *Identifying quantum logics by numerical events*, Math. Slovaca **70** 41–50 (2020)

- [6] D. Dorninger and H. Länger. *Testing for classicality of a physical system*, Internat. J. Theoret. Phys. **52** 1141–1147 (2013)
- [7] D. Dorninger and H. Länger. *Probability measurements characterizing the classicality of a physical system*, Rep. Math. Phys. **73** 127–135 (2014)
- [8] D. Dorninger and H. Länger. *Quantum measurements generating structures of numerical events*, J. Appl. Math. Phys. **6** 982–996 (2018)
- [9] D. Dorninger and H. Länger. *On Boolean posets of numerical events*, Advances Computational Intelligence **1** (7 pp.) (2021)
- [10] D. Dorninger, H. Länger and M. J. Maczyński. *Boolean properties and Bell-like inequalities of numerical events*, Rep. Math. Phys. **85** 147–162 (2020)
- [11] G. Kalmbach. *Orthomodular Lattices*, Academic Press, London, 1983. ISBN 0-12-394580-1.
- [12] M. J. Maczyński and T. Traczyk. *A characterization of orthomodular partially ordered sets admitting a full set of states*, Bull. Acad. Polon. Sci. Sér. Sci. Math. Astronom. Phys. **21** 3–8 (1973)
- [13] P. Pták. *Concrete quantum logics*, Internat. J. Theoret. Phys. **39** (2000) 827–837 (2000)